

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### Section 1. Identification

CHS Inc. Transportation Emergency (CHEMTREC) : 1-800-424-9300

P.O. Box 64089 Technical Information 1-651-355-8443 Mail station 525

St. Paul, MN 55164-0089 SDS Information : 1-651-355-8445

Product name : Winter Aid III SDS no. : 0102-J7X0

**Common name** : CE-4 **Revision date** : 11/15/2013

Chemical name : Diesel Fuel Additive : Mixture

**Chemical family**: Not available.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not available.

#### Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or

mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Flammable liquid and vapor.

Toxic in contact with skin.
Harmful if inhaled.
Causes skin irritation.
Suspected of causing cancer.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health: 2 \* Flammability: 3 Physical hazards: 0

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health: 2 \* Flammability: 3 Instability: 0

#### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Chemical name : Diesel Fuel Additive

Other means of identification : CE-4

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Ethylbenzene 2-Butoxyethanol	60 - 100 10 - 30 1 - 5 0.1 - 1	1330-20-7 100-41-4 111-76-2 91-20-3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact : If material comes in contact with the eyes, immediately wash the eyes with large amounts of water for 15

minutes, occasionally lifting the lower and upper lids. Get medical attention.

Inhalation If person breathes in large amounts of material, move the exposed person to fresh air at once. If breathing has

stopped, perform artificial respiration. Keep the person warm and at rest. Get medical attention as soon as

possible.

If the material comes in contact with the skin, wash the contaminated skin with soap and water promptly. If the Skin contact

material penetrates through clothing, remove the clothing and wash the skin with soap and water promptly. If

irritation persists after washing, get medical attention immediately.

If material has been swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately. Ingestion

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eve contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled.

Skin contact Toxic in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, watering, redness. Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation, coughing.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested

or inhaled.

Specific treatments No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes

are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

#### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

Do not use water jet or water-based fire extinguishers.

Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground to a source of ignition (pilot light,

heater, electric motor) some distance away. Containers, drums (even empty) can explode when

heat (welding, cutting, etc.) is applied.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products Decomposition products may include the following materials:

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

Water may be ineffective on flames, but should be used to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Water or foam sprayed into container of hot burning product could cause frothing and endanger fire fighters. Large fires, such as tank fires, should be fought with caution. If possible, pump the

contents from the tank and keep adjoining structures cool with water. Avoid spreading burning liquid with water used for cooling purposes. Do not flush down public sewers. Avoid inhalation of vapors. Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

#### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Spill Contain with dikes or absorbent to prevent migration to sewers/streams. Take up small spill with dry chemical absorbent; large spills may require pump or vacuum prior to absorbent. May require excavation of severely

contaminated soil.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### **Precautions for safe handling**

#### Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

## Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Do not store above the following temperature: 113°C (235.4°F). Odorous and toxic fumes may form from the decomposition of this product if stored at excessive temperatures for extended periods of time. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Xylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).
	STEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009).
	STEL: 545 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 435 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).
	TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
2-Butoxyethanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 24 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 240 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Naphthalene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 79 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 52 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013).
	STEL: 75 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	TWA: 10 ppm 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).
	TWA: 50 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation.

**Environmental exposure controls** 

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

#### **Individual protection measures**

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection Skin protection Hand protection : Recommended: Splash goggles and a face shield, where splash hazard exists.

: 4 - 8 hours (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves.

**Body protection** Other skin protection Recommended: Long sleeved coveralls.

Recommended: Impervious boots.

Respiratory protection

If ventilation is inadequate, use a NIOSH-certified respirator with an organic vapor cartridge and P95 particulate

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Relative density **Appearance** 

**Evaporation rate** Physical state : Liquid. Not available.

Color Pale yellow. Solubility Easily soluble in the following materials: cold

Odor Strong petroleum. Solubility in water Insoluble Odor threshold Not available. Partition coefficient: n-Not available.

рΗ Not available.

Melting point Not available.

**Boiling point** 136.05°C (276.9°F) (ethylbenzene) @

760mm Hg

Flash point Closed cup: 30°C (86°F) [Pensky-Martens.]

**Flammability** Not available. Lower and upper Lower: 1.1%

explosive (flammable) limits

Upper: 10.6% (2-butoxyethanol)

water and hot water.

: 0.879

**Auto-ignition** 244°C (471.2°F) (2-butoxyethanol)

temperature

octanol/water

Decomposition temperature

Not available.

Not available. SADT Viscosity Not available.

Vapor pressure 0.67 to 0.88 kPa (5 to 6.6 mm Hg) (68°F)

Vapor density : >1 [Air = 1]

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or

expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

Incompatible materials Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials and fluorine.

Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

#### Section 11. Toxicological information

## Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
2-Butoxyethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	450 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	220 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	250 mg/kg	-
Naphthalene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>20 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	490 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
•	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 μL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100%	-
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
•	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15 mg	-
2-Butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 mg	-
•	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Naphthalene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	495 mg	-
•	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 0.05 mL	-

#### **Sensitization**

Skin : There is no data available.

Respiratory : There is no data available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

There is no data available.

#### Carcinogenicity

There is no data available.

## Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Xylene Ethylbenzene	-	3 2B	-
Naphthalene	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

## Reproductive toxicity

There is no data available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

There is no data available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

There is no data available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

There is no data available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

There is no data available.

## Information on the likely routes of

exposure

: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

## Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Xylene	Acute IC50 10 mg/L	Algae	72 hours
•	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
•	Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2970 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5200 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
2-Butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
,	Acute LC50 1000 mg/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Chaetogammarus marinus - Young	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
Naphthalene	Acute EC50 1600 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
•	Acute LC50 2350 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 213 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Melanotaenia fluviatilis - Larvae	96 hours

## Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

## **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
Ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
2-Butoxyethanol	0.81	-	low
Naphthalene	3.4	36.5 to 168	low

## **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: There is no data available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

#### Section 14. Transport information

**DOT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER** UN1992

**DOT** proper shipping name

FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (Xylene, 2-Butoxyethanol) RQ (Xylene, Ethylbenzene)

DOT Hazard Class(es) 3 (6.1)

PG III

DOT EMER. RESPONSE GUIDE NO. 131

## Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 8(a) PAIR: Naphthalene

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Ethylbenzene; Naphthalene Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Xylene; Ethylbenzene; Naphthalene

: Listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances : Not listed DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances : Not listed DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

#### SARA 302/304

#### Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : Fire hazard

Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

#### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Xylene	60 - 100	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Ethylbenzene	10 - 30	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
2-Butoxyethanol	1 - 5	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Naphthalene	0.1 - 1	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.

SARA 313 : This product (does/not) contain toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986 and of 40 CFR 372.

Product name	CAS number	%
Xylene	1330-20-7	60 - 100
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.09 - 0.98
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	15 - 30
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	0.99 - 4.99

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

#### State regulations

Massachusetts: The following components are listed: 2-Butoxyethanol; Xylene; EthylbenzeneNew York: The following components are listed: Xylene; Ethylbenzene; Naphthalene

New Jersey: The following components are listed: 2-Butoxyethanol; Xylene; Ethylbenzene; NaphthalenePennsylvania: The following components are listed: 2-Butoxyethanol; Xylene; Ethylbenzene; NaphthaleneCalifornia Prop. 65: WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Ethylbenzene	Yes.		10 10 1	No.
Naphthalene	Yes.		54 μg/day (inhalation) Yes.	No.

#### Section 16. Other information

Revision date : 11/15/2013 Supersedes : 11/23/2009

Revised Section(s) : 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16. Prepared by : KMK Regulatory Services Inc.

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